THE

State of that part of Yorkshire,

Adjacent to the Level

OF

Hatfield Chafe:

Truly and Impartially Represented.

BY a Lover of his Country.

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Printed by John White, His Majesties Printer for the City of York, and the Five Northern Counties, 1701.

Touch for navigating downer (withey Edel their) new Herer into Ouse or that they wo make a flew Kopen form to he this River was Gutto by them on frequent Complainty & with of y Country especially I wish they were Completed to it sapplans by this book not for y Prainage offy Levels buty Country and drainage of y Levels buty Country to they land they (of Avilled are not drained this way but into of that partor in epon When the Dutch men came they found the Rivers
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as now from Thorne to June bridge so yo there was two Revers again but both run into air Topmast Feels & agreat Fran then I no Triking masts -Mo then two River wite dir But Drainage not Sufficient by dir The Country force of franticepants to make of new rever ents our Ya Pluce to keep onto tyles & navigation Continued as Cast we has let in if Tydes to asit has warpt up their firstnew that from Thome to Jurnebridge yold Sun from Thome to Turnebridge yold Sun from Thome to Tishlock, Value y River from the Engond Turnbridge all ito Terra Firma was atleast Jen miles . The Show Affrent is only one river into Ouse, I has three E Taken Downe Feel up alevery bridge notwithstanding all this they folind to have a Loudor that they will make a Stice of Stop gavigation - let in find open their first new but & old Jun from Jeshlock a Stice of Gonade it when they Came but forost

The State of that part of York-shire, Adjacent to the Levels of Hatfield Chase, truly represented, By a Lover of his Country.

graciously pleased to grant Mr. Cornelius Vermuyden and his Participants, leave to Drain the Level of Hatfield Chase; and to lay dry all the Surrounded, and waste Grounds; it was suggested to him, and his most honourable. Councel: That it would certainly prove to the great advantage of the adjacent Country. Which consideration, more then the increase of his Revenue, was the motive that His Majesty the 24th. of May, in the 2d. Year of His Reign Anno Dom. 1626. Articled with Mr. Cornelius Vermuyden and his Partners, to undertake the same.

But the King and his Councel, did no more foresee those frequent INUNDATIONS, that has since happend, upon that occasion, on so great a part of the ancient Lands; nor the hard-ships the distressed Inhabitants labour under; then they could prevent that deluge of Blood which soon after overspread the Nation, because they could not know the Heart of Man.

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II. But that Just and pious Prince wisely consider'd; in the first place, to oblige Mr. Cornelius Vermuyden, and his partners, to use their best endeavors to Drain all the Surrounded waste Grounds; as well those that did belong unto His Majesty as those that did belong unto other Persons, and were Adjoyning unto His Majesties lands; in such manner as to make the same sit for Tillage, or Pasture and the same being so Draind should for ever maintaine sit for Tillage, or Pasture: Which being done, then, and not before, His Majesty was to have one

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Third

Third part of the said wastes and Surrounded Grounds the said Mr. Cornelius Vermuyden, and his Partners another part for their Labour, and the Free-holders, Coppy-holders, and Tenants, of the said Mannour of Hat-field another Third part. And His Lords and Commissioners did promise, and declare, unto the Tenants and Inhabitants, that the same should not by any Banks, made or hereafter to be made, put the water upon the Tenants and Inhabitants dwelling in safe and Inland Countreys. And now Mr. Cornelius and his Participants set forth to work, having brought with them a Navy of Thar-shift to this promised Land where Gold was more plentiful

then the very Stones in their Streets.

III. But whilst this great projector thought himselfe secure of His Majesties favour, and resting upon the Authority of his inexhaustible Treasure he found himselfe mightily annoyed by the Gnats and Flies; that is the common fort of the Inhabitants that let upon him when he should rest; for they finding these mounds of Earth cast up for his Ease and security would prove their utter Ruin, and dam that water upon their ancient lands above, which should lay upon his improvement below, they disturb'd him in his works : and when that would not do, in great Numbers they burnt his Carts, and Barrows, and working Instruments, in great heaps by Night: whereupon Mr. Cornelius was forc'd to purchase ground of the ancient Owners to make such Drains as might satisfy the Common People, and give those People such Extraordinary wages in his Imployment that they did not now foresee that Ruine they were so apprehensive of before.

IV. The success of this; and finding many of his former Chests of Gold secure now without locking: Sr. Cornelius Vermuyden began to cast about what he was doing, and what he should do, and now it is he begins to trick, therefore before all the parcells of commonable ground were; As by His Majesties argeement

(5) agreement alloted to the Free-holders, Coppy-holders, and Tenants; he applies himselfe to the King, and purchases of His Majesty not only this Third part of the faid Commonable ' grounds but also the Mannor or Lord ship of Hatefield, and by colour of this he, and his partners, had possessed themselves of all, or most, of the Surrounded grounds, and had inclosed, Shared, and divided the same amongst themselves without calling any of the faid Inhabitants, and Tenants, thereunto: and had left unto the faid Tenants such parts of the faid commonable grounds as did lye in the flats, and lowest places, and had stopt up the Ancient and Navigable River of Dun runing by Thorn, By which the furcharge of Superfluous waters lying upon the grounds was conveyed away; and by a great Bank, or wall, of Earth of an Extraordinary hight, and breadth, turn'd the waters by violence out of the new improved grounds into the old Inhabitants grounds, and houses, and into the grounds and houses of the Inhabitants of Syke-house, Fish-lake, Stain-ford, Baln, and Pollington, and other place's adjoyning, to the utter decay, and spoiling, of their grounds: And to the utter impoverishing of so many of them, as have no other Lands in other places to live upon.

V. And now the face of things begins to appear, Sr. Cornelius is big with his undertakeings and the Country begins to reassume the sense of their English liberty so that they gave Sr. Cornelius, and his work-men such diversion that obstructed his works: So hereupon Mr. Attorney Generall in His Majsties behalfe and Sr, Cornelius on his own behalfe, set forth so Aprill, before the Councel Board the riotous, and rebellious, 1629.

Carriage of Robert Portington Esq. And others, in beating, wounding, and killing, divers of their work-men imployed in this undertaking, in the Countys of York, Lincoln, and Notingham; and for spoiling of the walls made for draining of their Lands. This business was heard at the board, both parties present

present, fully debated by their Councell, in the presence of the King: Mr. Portington, and others, were bound to their behaviour, and left to Sr. Cornelius his liberty to profecute, and Sr. Cornelius was to secure at his own charge the banks of Fishlake, and Syke-house, in what was requilite for their safety, more then the usuall charge before the Undertaking: and whereas it was mov'd against Robert Portington Esq: (one of the Persons complaind of) that he might be put out of Commission of being a Justice of Peace in the West Riding of the County of York: It is ordered that he shall continue in Com-

mission, so long as he behaveth himselfe well.

VI. Sr. Cornelius having thus shown the way to White-hall; the oppressed Country-men began to have a sense of the Justice 12 May, that Lodged there. So that the Inhabitants of Sykehouse, 1630. Fish-lake, Stainford, Cowick, Snaith, Baln, Pollington, and divers others, in the West Riding of the County of York Exhibited their petition to the Board, with a Cirtificate of Diverse Justices of the Peace of the said Riding made at the Se-71b. Ap. ssions held at Pontefract. Representing that the said 1630. places, together with the Country there abouts had lately sustained infinite Loss by the INUNDATIONS of war ter; caused by the Participants new works which did not one-. ly enter into their dwelling houses, but their Corn, and Hay. both in Barns, and Stacks, were utterly spoiled: their Corn sowne upon the ground wash'd away; their Cattel lost for want of food; and their Land, till'd, made unfit to be fown; and thereby the Inhabitants much impoverished: which over-Howings were occasioned by the banks raised by Sr. Cornelius Vermuyden, and other undertakers, to drain the Lands in Hatfield Chace; and other places near adjoyning, by turning the water of Dun, and Air, into Channels not Capable to receive and carry them away; whereby that part of the Country would in a short time become uninhabitable if some means of preventio

ledged, and urg'd; that the losses were not such as was pretended, and that the decays and lowness of the old banks belonging to Syke-house, and Fish-lake, and over against the new walls of the undertakers were the true Causes of the Inconveniencies complaind of, and that the undertakers had Cutt a new Channel of sufficient breadth and deapth. That April. the substantial repairing, and raising, of the old banks 1629 to the height, and breadth, they anciently were of according to a late order of the Board, would both secure the Country and prevent suture danger and damages. These allegations on both sides were deliberately heard by their Councel, the King

being present.

VII. It was therefore thought fit and order'd; for preventing all future questions, that the Inhabitants of Syke-house, and Fish-lake, and other places adjoyning, chargeable with the making of the old wall, which ought to contribute thereto, should contribute Two Hundred pounds to be levied by rateable proportions upon all their severall Lands, and that to be paid to the faid Sr. Cornelius; and that thereupon the faid Sr. Cornelius, or the owners of those Lands within the said new wall, or Corporation, to be made for preserving of those new works, shall at his, and their own proper costs, and Charges, perfect the faid work by making of the banks of the old wall, over against the said new wall, of the said undertakers, as high, and as broad; in all places, as where they are now; or, anciently, were highest, and broadest; or otherwise, as he, and they, shall think fit for the safety of the Country; and the said Banks being so raised and made as aforesaid, it was further thought fit, and Orderd, that they shall from henceforth be so continued, and maintained, by Sr. Cornelins, or the owners of the Lands, which are newly gaind and lie within the undertakers new walls, or by the faid Corporation, upon, and for fuch fuch yearly allowance from the said Inhabitants; chargeable with the said Banks; as by certain Commissioners of sewers, to be indifferently chosen, by both parties, shall be thought requisite and set down, provided nevertheless, that Sr. Cornelius be not charged with the reparations and making good, of inevitable, and unforeseen, accidents not occasiond by the said new works, and that the Country do not, directly, nor indirectly, Cutt, Pull down, nor willfully indamage the said Banks so raised and repaird. Here is also, for quietness, provided that all losses, and damages; on either side committed, or sustaind, should be remitted; in that their Lordships looking forwards were desirous to avoid all contentions, and unnecstary Lawfuits, and to nourish all good correspondency betwixt Sr. Cornelius and the Country.

VIII. This was the first Generall application and Audit for redress of Grievances; and therefore it highly concernd Sr. Cornelius (knowing the accumulative grievances he had heapd upon the up-land Inhabitants and the weakness of his allegations) now to hedge as well as dyke. and therefore, with the advice, and Assistance, of Sr. Robert Heath, His Majesties Attorney Generall; and Sr. Thomas Fanshaw, His Majesties Surveyor Generall (both Sr. Cornelius his Speciall friends upon Record) he obtaines the favour of this Order: which was likely to be a Standing rule to posterity; and is, at this very day, of such presumptive consequence: That was it in the witt, and power, of this great, and good, Mans Assignes; they would turn the Course of the Derby-shire Springs into the Western Seas.

IX. For sayes the Order. That the Inhabitants of Sykehouse, and Fish-lake, and other places adjoyning; chargeable with the making of the old wall, which ought to contribute thereto; should contribute two Hundred pounds, to be levied by rateable proportions upon all their several Lands; and that (9)

to be paid to the faid Sr. Cornelius, &c. This Excluded all the other Towns; who were at Eale, and in lafety, before this notable improvement; as Stainford, Cowick, Snaith, Baln, Pollington, and divers other Towns in the West Riding of the County of York: who with Fill-lake, and Syke-house, exhibited their Petition, with the Certificate from the Honourable Bench of Justices at a Generall Seffions, for the whole west Riding; the said Towns also were willing, and ready, to contribute, had not Sr. Cornelius thus evaded it. And doubtless they would not have so sit down thus but that they had daily experience how difficult it was for the two Towns Fift lake, and Syke house, to get any thing confirmd, as shall be shown in its place: And the troubles which soon after befell the Nation, was an hindrance too: The next favourable Clause is. That St. Cornelius, and his Successors, shall at his and their own proper costs, and charges, make the old walls of Fib lake, and Syke house: as high, and broad, in all places, as anciently they were the highest, and broadest, and so maintain the same for ever. This, at this day. would do them no manner of kindness; for the walls that were the highest then, were not so high as the Foreshoares of the River are in those places now: and the bottom of the River, at some times, by reason of Warp, not much lower then the sole of the Ancient Ground. But, then the Order follows; or otherwise, as he, and they, shall think fittest for the safety of the Ancient Country: which confideration Swayd at that time, and quell'd the murmuring of the adjacent Country, expecting some great advantage from so sweet a Clause. It also follows again. That Sr. Cornelius shall not be charged with the reparations, and making good, of unevitable, and unforfeen Accidents, not occasion'd, by the said new work a very proper and Concluding Clause, which shew'd there was very little more to do; but cannot be of any force at this day: for they could not then foresee that Ruin, and desolation; wast of goods, and destruction of Cattel; danger of bodily health, and loss of lives; which at this day, in some proportion, befalls above Twenty Towns by this new work. Such dilmall confequences the Goverment would furely provide against, if they at least foresaw them, fuch is the business of the common inquests, and which the Laws of all Nations provide against.

X. Belides; it was thought at that time, that it never was the intent

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ry; for admitting tay they, he mould make his Banks as high as may be; yet that cannot fecure the Country any further then the Old Banks go: and it was very hard that to great a Number of the petitioners should loose the benefit of the Law in recovering

their dammages.

XI But Sr. Cornelius Slily infinuated to the board; that he had made a River, or Channel, of tufficient depth, and breadth, which would give scope and liberty, for the receiving, and conveying a way of the Waters. This famous River, at that time, is the place that extended along his bank, called East Bank; out of which he had taken Earth for to make his bank, and the same was then stopt at both ends; but could be wisht it was as open and as deep now as it hath been since. Which has been Navigable for Boates of

14. Tun but is now Warpd up.

XII. He alledge alto: That the repairing of the old Bank to the ancient height, and breadth, would both secure the Country; and prevent, all future dammages, and Inundations. This too, by them that Understood matters was looked upon at that time to be a Sham: For, this new bank, as appeard then by the Mapp, went from Ash field, South west, and so along North to Turne bridge; and the old bank only upon the East of Syke-house, and some part of Fishlake, and extended no further then some part of their Lands : fo suppose it higher then the Ditch bank; yet it could secure no further then it went. So that a great part of the Country of Necessity must be drownd; the main River Dun being shut up with lockgates, and fo continually kept, that it could not vent it felfe into the Ancient levell towards Trent, as it was used to do. And Ain, and Ouze, upon thring tydes so put in, that the Country had Just Cause to set torth the diffress they were in. And thus did Sr. Cor. nelius and his agents abuse his Majesty, and the Board.

XIII. And then, also did they basely abuse the Country: for it was highly out of Reason that they should dispense with more then twenty thousand pounds losses, as was certify d by the Honourable Bench of Justices at so Generall a meeting, and that Sr. Cornelius should be lest at liberty to proceed against them by Law-suits. For though the words argue to the Contrary; yet Sr. Cornelius, and his Agents, within two days after the Order proceeded against the Country

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And took Suppanas, and Writs, out of all the Kings Courts and served many upon the ancient Free holders: Some answered, others appeared; some were remitted, others dispenc'd withalt; this was at London. Divers were apprehended, and lay in prison at Tork: And having dorment Warrants to committ more, and an unknown power, many of good quality durst not to stay in their houses. And this Monster of a Man (whose naturall qualities no one English Epither can answer) threatned to hang divers of the Petitioners, His Majesties Native and Freeborn, Subjects; and to get a Commission for that purpose; and reported, that if he could but have stay'd in the Country, he would have set up a pair of Gallows to have terished the people.

XIV. St. Cornelius being Elevated by the Success of this fright; projected to have his Improvement Established by Act of Parliament: But you shall presently see he had other work to do. The same project was on Foot soon after the glorious Restauration; but obstructed by the late Lord Downe; which noble Person, Members for with Sr. Thomas Tarbourgh the other worthy representative of the same ancient Bourrough; satisfyed the house, by severals

weighty arguments to the Contrary.

XV. All this horrour, and amazement, happend in the latter End of May, and the beginning of June in the same year: Where upon His Majesty, and the Councell, quickly thought fit to Consider the insusserable Condition of his distressed Subjects and the Vexations; and Excessive charge that thousands of Families (many whereof paid the Kings subsidies) lay under; and by 21 June in which they where brought to beg their Bread. There-the same rear fore the Petition was considered over again, and the whole matter in debate twixt the parties was referd by order of Councell, to the Right honourable Thomas Lord Viscount Wentworth Lord president of the North; John Lord Darcy, and Mr. Justice Hutton, or any two of them, whereof the Lord Viscount Wentworth to be one; praying, and requiring, them to call the said Sr. Cornelius Vermuyden and such of the said Inhabitants before them, as they should think sit.

Wentworth, and Lord Darcy, met at Hat-field two leverall times: and viewed the works made by Sr. Cornelius for draining the

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Ground, and heard the allegations on both sides; and in 26. Aug. the presence, and with the assistance, and Consent, of Sr. 1630.

Cornelius his two Speciall friends to this new work; and by the consent of both parties present, and mutuall advisement had of all circumstances; these two Ngoble Persons made an Order, or Award, consisting of thirteen Pararaphs: In which are plainly set forth such Rogueries of Sr. Cornelius, that was his intended Gallows erected he

had been the proper Haman to have hang'd thereon.

XVII. For tho' he prosecuted which never was intended him to do.) Persons of good sashion, with such Injustice, Violence, and Fury, but two months before: Yet all Suits depending in any Court of Justice were ordered to be remitted, and the Attorney Generall to take Notice of the same; he was likewise to Consirm to the Tenants, and Inhabitants, their Coppy-hold Land as anciently without Admeasurement, together with their Customs and certainty of their sines; in which, he would heavily have oppressed them by vertue of his purchase from the Crown; he was also to restore their Turt-Moores without admeasurement, which he then unjustly detained, with their allotments of severall hundred Acres of Common, with a great many more particulars needless now to repeat.

XVIII. But one Act of this Order of remaining Consequence is this: That the Tenants, and Inhabitants, aforesaid shall pay to St Cornesus Vermuyden two hundred pounds by equall contributions; and that the said Sr. Cornesus Vermuyden his Heirs, and Assignes, shall repair, and make up, all the banks, walls, made for defence of Fish lake, and Syke house, and other grounds adjoining; which shall hereaster be kept in reparation by the said Sr. Cornelius, and his Assigns and his their Heires, upon and for such yearly allowance from the said Inhabitants, chargeable with the said banks, as by certain Commissioners of Sewers to be indifferently chosen by both parties shall be thought requisite and set down; and this is the first Establishment of the Commission of sewers for the same mous Levell of Hate-sield Chace which has been so very indifferently chosen, and now is of such very hopefull consequence to the

ancient Effates.

XIX. And if the Tenants, and Inhabitants, which should constribute towards the said two hundred pounds, their Heires, and Assignes,

Assignes, should at any time, or times, hereaster be damnified by Inundations caused by Sr. Cornelius his new works: Sr. Cornelius his Heirs, and Assignes, should make satisfaction to the party griev'd in such proportion as the President, and Councell, established in the North parts, for the time being, should Tax the Loss. And also the wall should forthwith be made for the defence of Filh-lake, and Syke-house, And if those walls should be found not sufficient to secure the said Tenants, and Inhabitants, the said Sr. Cornelius his Heirs, and Assignes, should in the year following effect a new Drain thro' the Levell, or some other Works; to preserve the said Tenants and Inhabitants, and their Heires from all such Drownings, and dammages, as they shall be Subject unto by the said Sr. Cornelius his new works; which said Drain at this very day is of no manner of use to the Inhabitants, and the Oppressed Country, in regard it is the Caule of all those Stopings, and Warpings of all the ancient passages, which in tis proper Places may be made appear.

Which Starrs were brought out of the upper Firmament of State to attend the Excentrick motion of a thing call'd a new Improvement; and you shall presently find that these two right Honourable persons were as basely abus'd by this new Sr. of Quality as the King, and his Councell, and the Numerous oppressed People

were before.

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XXI. For says the close of that Award: It was advised, and thought sit; that this Order, and Award, be decreed as well in His Majesties Court of Exchequer as before the said Lord president, and Councell in the North: But to prevent this; the mirrour of frauds and Opression (that the Tenants and Inhabitants should have no Benefit of this Award) secretly conveys his improvements unto Trustees, as he himselfe was brought afterwards to acknowledge before Authority.

XXII. This made the Lord president grievously complain from York, to the Councell board above; in which he sets forth: that notwithstanding his agreement, the banks, and works, were neglected and the Country miserably drownd, and consum'd, in their Estates, and that St. Cornelius kept without the Jurisdiction of his Court and so made all Process inessectual: And that he could no ways keep the Country at quiet but by telling them of Just and fitting

fitting Satisfacton; and that they might foon expect the work to be done: But yet he found it a work of some difficulty to contain the People from sudden violence, unless they find the State have some regard towards them Therefore, he humbly desires their Lordships to direct Sr. Cornelius to be sent down to him and Order him to make just Satisfaction to the Country; And he adds that he is daily called upon by the miserable complaints of the ancient Land holders.

XXIII. But the Country could no longer contain themselves: So that the Confidering part of them preferd a fresh Petition to the Councell board and amongst other things fet forth; that 25th. May, Sr. Cornelius reful'd to give way for the passing a decree ac- 1631. cording to Order: And the board having calld both parties before them, and feen their Order; and heard, at large, their arguments, and allegations, made on either fide: and having allo well weigh'd and Consider'd the importance of their butinels, did Unaminously Order, and declare, that the faid Sr. Cornelius Vermuyden, and his partners, shall suffer the said Order to be decreed as well in the Exchequer Chamber, as before the Lord prelident, and Councell at York, according to the purpole and true meaning of the faid Order. And to that end they further Orderd that the petitioners Bill, now depending in the Exchequer Chamber, may be fo sufficently answerd by the said Sr. Cornelius, and his said partners, before the first day of the next Term: As that a decree may be thereupon had by Consent, withour any fute or delay; and if the faid Sr. Cornelius shall make default in performance of their Lord-ships Order, the Board will take notice thereof, and direct such turcher Course for the performance of the same as shall be fit. And now Heath and Fansham, His Worships agents had little to do for him, and his two Supporters leave him to stand by himselfe.

XXIV. This Order one would think Conclusive, and that no Brow of Brass could face this Authority again; or that in modesty) if he had any humility in him) he might submit to that Authority from whence he deriv'd his Patent, and had all the favours granted him that he could request. Yet see the wolf is a wolf still for the succeeding Term being over, there arises a just cause for a freh complaint.

XXV. For in July, 1631 fellowing, was there a petition read at

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the Board presented in behalfe of the Inhabitants, and Tenants, of Filh lake, and Syke-house, Stainford, Baln, and Pollington, and others; in which they complained that Sr. Cornelius refuld to give way for the award to be decreed according to former Orders; and the Term being past he intended not to answer, as far as they perceived; therefor they pray'd that some speedy Course might be taken for the performance of the Order concerning the Exchequer decree, and that a day might be prefix'd by which the faid Sr. Cornelius and his partners might be enjoyned to suffer a decree before the Lord president, and Councell, at York; that they whole estates were wasted by the faid Sr. Cornelius, and his works, may be put to no more further fuit. Whereupon Sr. Cornelius was convented before their Lordships, charged with his neglect; and disobedience, to the Order of the board ; and there did affent and agree fully to perform and fulfill the faid award in every point; humbly then submitting the Confideration, and Ordering of the whole Business to the Lord President aforesaid: who was pray'd to take some surther pains therein, and the faid award justly and duly performed and to fettle the Cause finally, and fully, in such manner; as that the Petitioners may have no new reason to trouble the Board any more in this

Matter Which all minds the Twenty Eight day of November following was the Award decreed in the Exchequer: But still he shuffles of the Decree at Tork, that place being near his start holes. and the he had promise to pais the decree Verbatim before the Lord president of the North; and his Councell, and had given it under his own hand by letter directed to Mr. Hampe to gals the faid Decree: Yet Contrary to his promile, to the Lord Wentworth; he gave privat directions to Mr. Hampe not to pals the same: Where upon Lord Wentworth affured the Inhabitants that Julice thould be done them. And in the mean time Sr. Cornelius was Order'd the Friday following to thew cause why he did not Answer according to his former promise. Heartily could it be wish'd that the Level had such a prelident let over it now: And to give you one talk of the Justice of that glorious Martyr; who was best acquainted with the Rogueries of the Laplanders towards others, and to one another, you have Transcribd for you at large this following Order which they Valkenbrough Eq: And John Corrolls Com cautrei

then wainft Sr. Comeilus Vermuyden Kalele: we have from

At White-Hall the 26th. of Aprill, 1633. Present.

Lord Privy Seale. Lord Cottington.

Earle of Danby. Lord Newbrough.

Earle of Dorfett. Mr.

Lord Viscount Wentworth. Mr. Controller.

Lord Viscount Valkland. Mr. Secretary Cook.

Lord. Mr. Secretary Windebank.

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Hereas a Complaint was heretofore prefer'd to His Majesty by Sr. Philibert Vernatti Knight, Samuel Vanjan. His Majesties Servants, Matthew Vaikenbourgh Esq: And John Corfetis Gent: Which complaint His Majesty was pleased to referr to the Lord Keeper, the Lord Wentworth, the Lord Gottingon, and Mr. Secretary Windebank, who thereupon made report to His Majesty, touching the said Complaint, which Report His Majesty having considered of did Command that the same should be Read at the Board, and Order given them to the same Effect if their Lord ships should think sit, which was accordingly read as follows, In his Verbis.

May it please Your Majesty,

A Coording to your referance made unto us at White-Hall the 17th. Of December 1632. Under the Hand of me Francis Windebank Knight, one of Your Majesties Principall Secretaries, upon the Petition of Sr. Phillibert Vernatti Knight, Samuel Vanpan Your Majesties Servants, Matthew Valkenbrough Esq: And John Corselis Gent, complaining against Sr. Cornelius Vermuyden Knight; we have severall times

times call'd the parties on both sides beforens, and heard their atlegations by their Councell: and we find the differences betwixt them to be so many, and so intricate, and their allegations one against another so full of Contradiction, as we hold them no way fit to be determind by a reference, but to be left to be decided, by a Judicall Course in any of Your Majesties ordinary Courts of Instice, by such suits, or Actions, as Either party shall think fit to persue. But in regard we do find as well by the Relation of me the Lord President of Your Majesties Councell, Establish'd in the North; who have by direction in mine own Person view'd all the Works: and several parts of the Drains of Hat-field Chase, in the presence of all the parties intressed therein; as by our own view of the Map of the said Drain is, and by the Testimony, and Complaints, of divers others Your Majesties Subjects, and upon Consideration of of the Reasons alledged by both the Parties themselves, that the Said Drains are yet imperfect, and thro their default have already Drownd, and daily do Drown, and are likely to Drown bereafter a great quantity of other Lands belonging to divers others Your Majesties Subjects, except there be a good and Sufficient Drain made for carrying, clear away the Waters of the Rivers of Dun and Trent from Turne-bridge to the River of Ouze; which Drain is well and Sufficiently begun already to be made as we are informed by all the Participants; who do alledge that they have already Exceeded therein Ten, or Twelve, Thousand Pounds; and that it will Cost Four, or Five, Thousand Pounds more to finish the same: Which we do hold very requisite to be finish'd, together with the other Works now in Hand, and lying within the Banks of the Levell, with all convenient speed. We do think fit to advise, that the Finishing, as well of the Said great Drain, as of the inwork aforesaid, should be Charged and Imposd, Provisionally, upon all the Participants, which have begun the Same, for the Publick good, and for the discharge of all parties intrested in the said

Drains of Hat-field Chase, and for that end, that the said Sr.

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Cornelius, and all the Participants pretended by the Said Sr. Cornelius to be Liable thereunto, shall forthwith pay in their Ra es and Scotts for the Charge already Expended and to be Expended in the making of the said great Drain from Turnebridge, and the other In-land Works for the perfecting of the Main Work, together with all Arrears due by the faid Sr. Cornelius and all the Participants as the said Sr. Cornelius pretends to make appear according to every Mans proportion of Acres and according to the 23. Aug. Order of the Lord President And Councell of the North 3 1632. And that particular Commissioners of Sewers, for that Level Requisite, may Issue forth, as well for Ordering and maintaining the said Works, as for the apportioning and leading of the saids Scots, and Rates, for which the parties have been Earnest Suitors. And as well to induce the Said Complainants to proceed in the finishing the said great Drains o in-works, as in Justice to proceed for their Satisfaction in Case a Court of Justice shall adjudge, or decree, unto them any great Sum of Moneys against Sr. Cornelius Vermuyden. We do think fit, and advise, that all such assurance as is now to pass from your Majesty to the said Sr. Cornelius of any of the Lands Contracted for in Hat-field Chase, or places adjacent, within the Levell now Drain'd, or to be Drain'd, skall be Conveyed and assured by your Majesty to the Four Clerks of the Councell in Ordinary, as fitting, and indifferent, Feofees for Security of performing what soever shall be adjudged, or decreed, to-the Complaints, of them, from the said Sr. Cornelius as aforesaid. And that in like manner the Complainants, shall give Security by Sufficient Bond, of some Reasonable Sum, to pay unto the Said Sr. Cornelius what soever shall be adjudged, or decreed, to him against the Said Complainants as aforesaid. And we do further think fit, and advise, that the said Sr. Cornelius shall by, or before, the Feast of Ascension next, convey, and affure, unto the said indifferent, and fitting, Fefees all such Lands Contracted for in Hat-field Chase, or the places adjacent, within that Level new Drain'd, or

to be Drain'd, which remain in his own Hands unconveyed or are Convey'd, to any others, to the use, and behoofe of the said Sr. Cornelius, for further Security as aforesaid, Free, and discharged from all Incumbrances by him the said Sr. Cornelius Vermuyden, over and above, such remedy as by vertue of any such Judgement,

or Decree, the Complainants might otherwise have.

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And in Case the Said Sr. Cornelius Vermuyden Shou d fail, or refuse, to Convey, and Assure, the Said Lands for Security as aforesaid. We do think fit and advise, that your Majesty be pleas'd to cause the said Sr. Cornelius to be Sued in your own Name, for Breach and Nonperformance of His Contract, or Contracts, with your Majesty concerning the Said Drainidge: And that all advantages which may be recoverd to your Majesty thereby may be Transferr'd to the Benefit of the Complainants, over and above, such Remedy, as by vertue of any such Judgement and Decree as afforesaid, the Complainants may otherwise have Provided, that the Complainants, before they receive the Benefit afforesaid, by Breach of Contract, by the Said Sr. Cornelius with His Majesty do give Security for the maintenance of the afforesaid works hereafter, and for the indemnity of the possessors of the Said Drained Lands, and of the Country adjacent, thro' their default in maintaining the Said Works in time to come.

Forasmuch, as their Lordships upon Reading, and consideration, had of the report did sind cause well to like, and approve; thereof they did Ratify and confirm the same in all parts thereof willing and Requiring that it should be put in Execution, and fully performed accordingly.

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SIGNED,

SIGNED,

Lord Keeper.
Lord Viscount Wentworth.
Lord Cottington.
Mr. Secretary Windebank.
William Beacher.

XXVIII. gamise

Hey being thus divided, and their Grounds falling into difgrace, both at Court and at Home, the Government begun to look forward, and make provision for the distressed Ancientary: And seeing the Inhabitants of Fish-take, and Sike house, had paid their Two Hundred Pounds, as Awarded,

and Decreed, it was Requifite something should be done.

Therefore, the Board Issued out another Order for Lord Wentworth to Tax the Yearly payment that the Inhabitants of Fish-lake, and Sike house, were to give the Participants for maintaining their Banks: And due confideration being had thereto, and that it could never be made appear that the Annual charge Amounted to above Eight Pounds in any one Year for Twenty years past: It was set down by that Right Honourable Lord, that the Inhabitants of Filllak, and Syke house, thould Yearly pay unto Sr. Cornelius Vermuyden, and his Successors, the Sum of Ten Pounds for ever, for the Reparation of the same. And whereas Sr. Cornelius had received Two Hundred Pounds to Secure them from future Damages, therefore the Lord President did not Impeach the said Inhabitants in recovery of their Damages, which at any time happend fince the Award at Hat field they have Sustained, by reason of the new Works, but left the same to be recovered by them according as their Cause should in Justice require: Norwithstanding no Yearly allowance hath been lee down, or made by the faid Inhabitants. XXIX XXIX. This Consideration Satisfied the Poor Sufferers for come time: But finding nothing but Expectance, they were forced to prefent severall Complaints to the Board which were considered against Sr. Phillibert Vernatti Barr: And Sr. Cornelius Vermuyden Kt. 8. May, and others concerning the Unsupportable Loss and Damages Sustained by the Complainants, in Regard the Works were not yet Persected, but shamefully neglected: Whereupon it was Orderd that as many as were Named in the severall Bills of Complaint, should put in their Respective answers thereunto, before the Councell at York, before the first Day of the following Term; and in default thereof a Warrant should be Awarded to a Messenger of His Majesties Chamber, to take them, or as many of them into Custody, as could be found, and carry them down to York, to make their Answers according to the soregranted Order: And untill the same be done, they were not to be Discharged.

XXX. Complaint was then made of the Stoppage of the River Dun running by Thorn, which was then alledged to be the Cause of the Great Damages then Sustained: So that it was Ordered that the Commissioners of Sewers, not Interested in the Work of Draining, should View the place where the said River was Stop'd; and direct, and take, such Course, as should prevent the suture Damages of the Complainants, Either by Stoppage, or otherwise, as in their Discretions they should think sit, according to the Power given by their Commission, or is it cannot be otherwise avoyded, by opening the said River again.

XXXI. This Honourable Court of Sewers Acted then with a due Regard to the Honour they derived from the Fountain, and with an equall Respect to the Parties they stood between. So that the first part of this Order; that is by Stoppage, was performed by them, and a very Noble Sluce Built at the End of the new Cutt at Goole; which Answerd the End it was Built for: This was driven down, after some Years, by the Violence of the Tydes, in Regard it was Neglected to be Repaird, as it ought: For the Proof of which, we have severall Coppyes of Orders of Sewers, for the Repair of it, which were never observed, for this Reason amongst the rest.

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XXXII.

XXXII. The Participants being then parted, and most of their Families, and Adhærents, in disdain, and Poverty: It made way for a new Succession, upon Easiy Terms to come in: Most of which, were the Successfull English of that Memorable Age; which so Man agd the Authority of the Commission of Sewers for their own Ends then and the Country not taking timely notice of the Evill Confequences of it; that, what then did for themselves, is Practicable now; and has come into good Liking ever since. For altho the Juries have brought in their Presentments severall times, upon their Views, and laid the defaults upon the Perticipants; yet such Presentments, not agreeable to the Court, have been refused, and the Jurots leave given to go Home; who in such Cases have not been Lawfully Discharged to this Day.

Nay even the Commissioners themselves; that are Participants, have acknowledged the Ancient Countries grievance such; as, they will Tell you, they knew not how to help them: and that is because they will not; for they never yet redressed one Pericion of grievance since the Restoration; the Countrys Losses grow every year, more unsupportable, then other. But in Gods name; now that Goole Sluce is so long since taken away, and by that meanes the Ancient passages Warpt up, let them Look back upon the Order of the Councell Board; which says, that if it cannot be otherwise avoided by opening the laid River Dan, running by Thorn, again. For the this Commission of Sewers be of very great Authority, yet that Order of the Councell Board must needs be of no more, which

gave them being at the first.

XXXIII. And Observe surther; that tho' the going away of Goole Sluce has been of such dismall Consequence to the Country; that we can Evidence more then Twenty Floods, many of which have been more Destructive to the Ancient Lands then the Burthen of all the Taxes put together, since the Revolution to this Day; And all their repeated, Losses; by Water, of more Computation then if all their Towns had been once Burnt by Fire.) Yet for all this the other part of the Order, of opening the River again not Look'd upon, but is kept up in such Sort, that oftentimes the Ancient Land is Overspread, in most places, Three Miles at least, with Water, all which has not in some parts below, the Passage of One Hundred

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Hundred and Ten Yards, and not above Four Foot Deep, and that too Repell'd frequently by the Violent Tides. So that by this you may Measure the Oppression the Ancient Country Lays under. which has no manner of Law for its Support but Prescription; which in this Cale is of no manner of Authority, but with such Tame Fools as have known no better: For no Man can conceive that the Country can be bound up to suffer these unsupportable Dammages by any of these proceeding Orders of Councel; or that Fish lake, and Syke-house, should be Concluded by that Clause in the Order, of inevitable, and unforeseen Accidents, when all our Ancient Passages for Conveyance are now Clearly Warpt up, and the River too in such manner, that the Banks now made against Fish lake, are higher then the Chainber Floors of many of their Ancient Houses, nay then the Eav.s of some of them; and the Soles of the Church Low Windows, whose Fundation is upon the Highest Ground, as usually all Churches are.

XXXIV. It was also Complaind at the same time against Sr. Philibert Vernatti, and St. Cornelius Vermuyden, and their Partners, that above One Hundred Poor Work-men, and Labourers, and Servants, who had been employed by then in their Works: That they wanted a very Large Summ due to them for their Labour: Whereupon, it was Orderd that the Wages Due to those Poor Workmen, Amounting to the Summ of Fifteen Hundred Pounds, for which a Decree was made in the Councell at York, on the Second of Ottober before, adjudged to be by them paid; which same was unperformed, and they Stood out to a Writt of Rebellion; It was therefore Expressly orderd that they should obey the said Decree, and give full Satisfaction before the first Day of the next Term; or otherwise, they, or so many of them, as should be found, should be Committed to a Messenger of His Maj:sties Chamber. to be by him Carried down to York; and there to be Proceeded withall according to Justice.

XXXV. And here you have an Account of Nine Years, and Six Days, in which the Country was Miserably Spoyld, and wasted the Poor oppress'd, to Pleasure the Vanity of a New nothing: Not long after did these Chosen People for sake their Intrenchments,

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and Fled, having the favour to Borrow Crastily and Spoil most of their Neighbours: Sr. Cornelius Vermuyden Dies miserably Poor in the South; and all the rest Saving a very Few Dispers'd: Leaving their Adventure to a Hopefull Succession of Managers; who would Rase the very Rain bow out of the Firmament of Heaven were they but assur'd of an Ark for their own Sasety: But this, with Submission to all and Every of the HONOUR ABLE PERSONS sharers in the improvement; not any of which were ever Staind by any Personally Acting, and withall amongst the Commoners there are many Good Men, were they not imbarkd in so Bad a Bottom.

XXXVI. This is but the Dwarf Age of this Notable Improvement; and yet has Strangely Supported Monsters, which have Grown in Bulk by Continuance of Time: Wherein the Unsupportable grivances of the Ancient Country grew more, and more, unsufferable: What is the Cause of all this; and the reason it ought not so to be; and by what Tricks and Artifices it is Carryed on may be as Truly Represented, as what you have now here; which the Author of this Paper will under take to Set Forth.



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